

SBE16 BRAZIL & PORTUGAL

Cristina Engel de Alvarez Luis Bragança

























Organizations

 Universidade Federal do Espírito Santo (Brazil)



• Universidade do Minho (Portugal)



Universidade do Minho Escola de Engenharia



























- Theme: Sustainable urban communities towards nearly zero impact built environment
- Papers: 403 abstracts submitted and only 205 full papers selected and published in the proceedings







Application

An App is also available in the event website (free access)



In addition to the printed Proceedings,
Pendrives with a software application that
allows the search for published papers by title,
author or keywords were distributed to all
participants for free.





















Presentations

- 7 Keynote Lectures
- 134 Paper Presentations
- 21 Scientific Video **Presentations**
- 5 Workshops
- 03 Tecnical Visit























Presentations

Speakers and Workshop Leaders



André Gomyde



Nils Larsson



Nelson Pôrto



Neyval Reis



Vanderley John



Roberto Lamberts



Marta Cruz



Giovana Ulian



Maria Beatriz Piderit



Maria Augusta Hermida



SBE 16 Brazil & Portugal

Participants: 25 countries





Delegates: 190



125 Undergraduate and postgraduate students (69%)



45 Professors and researchers (26%)



20 Professionals (11%)



















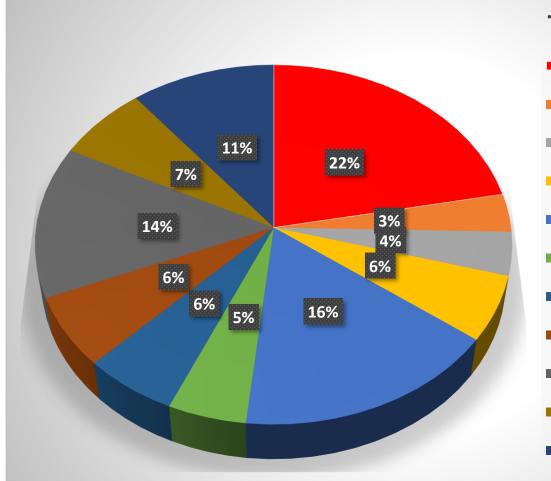


Themes

- 1. Adaptation of cities and buildings to climate changes
- 2. Contributions and consequences of urban landscaping
- 3. Governance and strategies for a sustainable built environment
- 4. Mitigation of impacts in urban areas
- 5. Nearly zero and positive energy built environments
- 6. Sustainability assessment tools
- 7. Sustainable urban mobility and accessibility
- 8. Technologies for a sustainable built environment
- 9. The BIM concept applied to sustainable buildings and cities
- 10. Training and education to promote adoption of sustainable approaches
- 11. Urban planning for sustainable communities



% articles by theme



Themes

- I Technologies for a sustainable building environment
- II Nearly zero and positive energy built environments
- III The BIM concept applied to sustainable buildings and cities.
- IV Training and education to promote adoption of sustainable approaches
- V Sustainability assessment tools
- VI Adaptation of cities and buildings to climate changes
- VII Mitigation of impacts in urban areas
- VIII Contributions and consequences of urban landscaping
- IX Urban planning for sustainable communities
- X Sustainable urban mobility and accessibility
- XI Governance and strategies for a sustainable built environment





















Comments

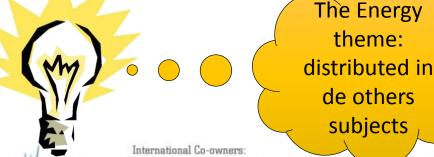
- The subjects that most attracted the attention of the participants were Technologies for a sustainable building environment (22%) and then, Sustainability assessment tools (16%).
- Characteristically urban themes (themes, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI) represent almost 50% of the total number of articles approved, which demonstrates the growth of interest in the subject

 The theme with the lowest participation was Nearly zero and positive energy built environments (3%) and The BIM concept applied to sustainable buildings and cities (4%)













The Energy

theme:

de others

subjects





Other informations

- The official support of governmental agencies and private companies, validating the quality of the event should be noted
- 97% of participants responded positively to the survey about their satisfaction with the conference and many congratulatory emails have been received.
- All sessions had great participation and interesting spontaneous discussions about the topics presented.

















Coffee break

The way the coffee-breaks were organized was a great incentive to the exchange of experiences among participants, encouraging networking and the closeness between the speakers and the participating public.







Aditional Information (BRAZIL)



















Central Theme

 SBE16 Brazil & Portugal was not directed to the relevant issues in relation to COP 21



gradurgius.com









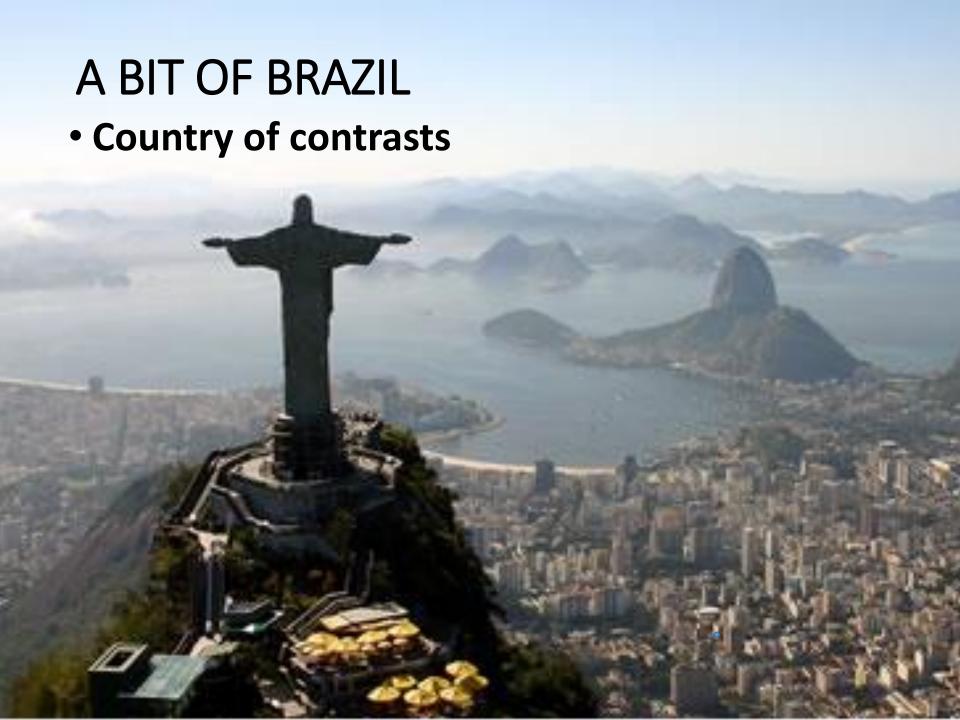












Planned cities





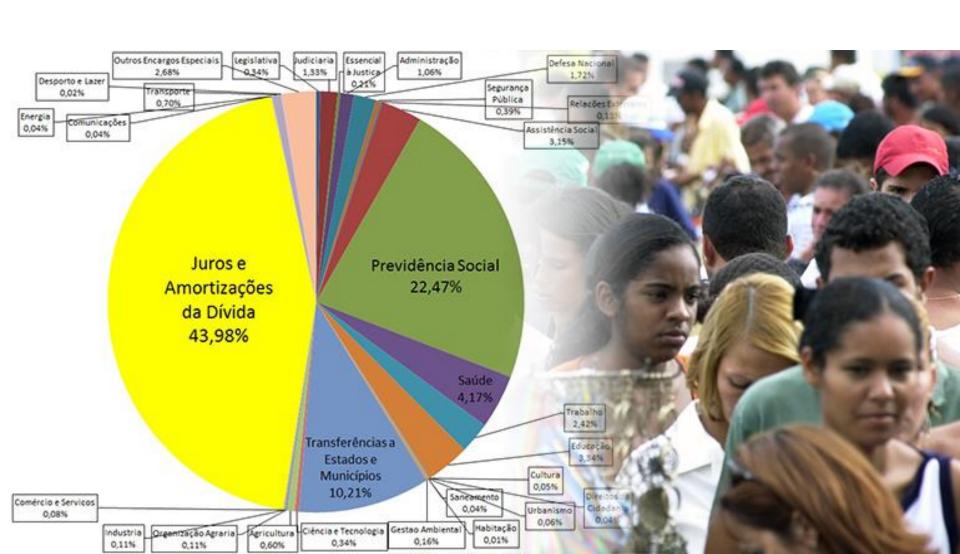








Countless social debt



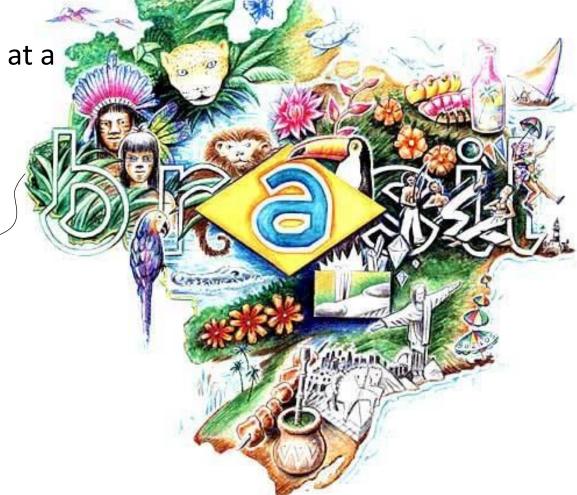


The worst show on earth



Brazil X Sustainability

• For Brazil, the path to sustainability happens at a slow pace, but firm, regardless of the crisis





















COP21 Paris agreement

Effectiveness of government policies and programs

- Brazil has been adopting measures since the preparatory actions of COP21 Paris agreement.
- Since 2014, the energy certification of Public Buildings is mandatory, through the "PROCEL Edifica" procedure. The aim is to achieve 50% reduction of electrical consumption in new buildings and 30% in existing buildings submitted to major renovations.
- Since 2010, the "Normative Instruction n° 1" establishes that Public Buildings should be sustainable.













COP21 Paris agreement

Effectiveness of government policies and programs

- The financial increase of funds related to the training of human resources - especially in undergraduate and postgraduate courses
- Encouraging innovative processes and expansion of the knowledge related to the topics of interest.



COP21 Paris agreement

Effectiveness of government policies and programs

- Reduction of forest fires
- Incentives for the production of biofuels, such as ethanol, which is widely used in Brazilian vehicles.

















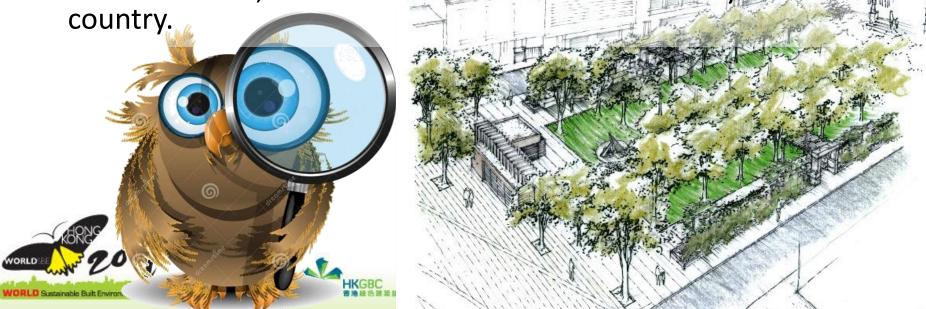




What will be the likely outcomes over the next decade?

 The expectation is that Brazil can continue its process of transformation already initiated, through the market action of qualified professionals to build efficient buildings and to the action in the processes of urban regeneration.

 Its expected that buildings and cities could have a better performance with consistent solutions and in accordance with the social, environmental and economic reality of the



What will be the likely outcomes over the next decade?

- Positive actions regarding energy efficiency are already perceptible nowadays and should emerge in the next decade.
- The encouragement of the nonmotorized urban mobility and the investment in good quality public transportation - carried out practically throughout the national territory - can also generate significant results.





What will be the likely outcomes over the next decade?

 However, in rural areas, there are not many initiatives that may infer a fast evolution in this matter especially with regard to agriculture and livestock.





Thank you

Cristina Engel de Alvarez cristina.engel@ufes.br
Luis Bragança
braganca@civil.uminho.pt



















